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SECRET CLASSIFICATION S-E-C-R-E-T

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

REPORT

50X1-HUM

INFORMATION FROM

FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS

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USSR

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SOURCE

Newspapers as indicated.

POSTWAR PERIOD FEATURES GROWTH IN USSR RADIO FACILITIES

The following items appeared in the Soviet press in connection with Radio Day, 7 May.

Numbers in parentheses refer to appended sources.

USSR

During the postwar Five-Year Plan the number of radio loudspeakers in the USSR increased 100 percent and exceeded the prewar level by 75 percent.(1) At the end of 1950, the capacity of the wired radio centers of the country had increased by 250 percent in comparison with 1945.(2) In 1950, 500 percent more radio receivers were sold to the population than in 1940.(3)

Karelo-Finnish SSR

In comparison with prewar, there are at present 100-200 percent more wired radio centers in the Karelo-Finnish SSR. Thirty-five new wired radio centers have been built since the war. In 1951, 2,500 new loudspeakers will be installed.(4)

Ukrainian SSR

In comparison with the prewar situation, the number of loudspeakers in the Ukrainian SSR has increased by more than 50 percent, and the number of wired radio centers has increased by more than 100 percent. The capacity of the wired radio centers has increased more than 300 percent. (5)

Kirgiz SSR

At present, there are 133 wired radio centers and 47,000 loudspeakers in the Kirgiz SSR. When the plan for the complete radiofication of the Kirgiz SSR has been carried out, the republic will have 399 wired radio centers, having a total capacity of 196,000 watts, and more than 270,000 loudspeakers. During the second postwar Five-Year Plan, it is planned to build 66 new interkolkhoz wired radio centers and install 100,000 loudspeakers. (6)

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Georgian SSR

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At present, there are 259 wired radio centers, serving more than 102,000 loudspeakers, in Georgian SSR. Of the loudspeakers, 22,000 are installed in rural villages. The total capacity of the wired radio centers amounts to more than 83,000 watts. In addition to the wired radio network, individuals and groups use more than 30,000 radio receivers. Kolkhoz workers in rural villages have bought 22,000 loudspeakers and 2,500 radio receivers.(7)

Uzbek SSR

During the postwar Five-Year Plan the radio network of the Uzbek SSR increased almost 100 percent over prewar 1940.(8)

Moldavian SSR

There are 120 wired radio centers and 45,000 loudspeakers in Moldavian SSR; 16,300 of the loudspeakers are located in villages. In recent months 25,000 radio receivers have been sold in rural localities. (9)

Azerbaydzhan SSR

During the postwar Five-Year Plan the capacity of the wired radio centers in the Azerbaydzhan SSR increased 400 percent, and the wired radio network received more than 20,000 new loudspeakers.(10)

SOURCES

- Moscow, Izvestiya, 6 May 51
- 2. Moscow, Pravda, 7 May 51
- 3. Moscow, Moskovskaya Pravda, 6 May 51
- Petrozavodsk, Leninskoye Znamya, 6 May 51
- 5. Kiev, Pravda Ukrainy, 6 May 51
- 6. Frunze, Sovetskaya Kirgiziya, 6 May 51 7. Tbilisi, Zarya Vostoka, 6 May 51 8. Tashkent, Pravda Vostoka, 6 May 51
- 9. Kishinev, Sovetskaya Moldaviya, 6 May 51 10. Baku, Bakinskiy Rabochiy, 6 May 51

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